

Docket No.: 10013502-1 (PATENT)

#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of: Joubert Berger et al.

Application No.: 09/896,351

Filed: June 29, 2001 Art Unit: 2122

For: SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR

TRANSFORMING OPERATING SYSTEM AUDIT DATA TO A DESIRED FORMAT

Examiner: C. Kendall

Confirmation No.: 2270

### DECLARATION OF JOUBERT BERGER SUBMITTED UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.131

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FEB 2 3 2004

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 Technology Center 2100

Dear Sir:

- 1. My name is Joubert Berger, I am over 21 years of age, and make this declaration based upon my own personal knowledge. All of the statements contained herein are, in all things, true and correct.
- 2. I am one of the inventors of the invention claimed in the above-identified patent application.
- 3. Prior to June 12, 2001, I conceived the idea of a system and method for transforming operating system audit data to a desired format as recited in the pending claims of the above-identified patent application. Accordingly, prior to June 12, 2001, I disclosed my invention to my then employer, Hewlett Packard Company.

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4. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a copy of the invention disclosure that I submitted to Hewlett-Packard Company prior to June 12, 2001, for the filing of a patent application. This invention disclosure establishes my conception of the subject matter of the pending claims prior to June 12, 2001.

5. Hewlett-Packard Company considered the invention disclosure that I submitted and approved the filing of a corresponding patent application. The application was filed with the USPTO on June 29, 2001.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Date: 2 12/04

(Joubert Berger)

# Write in Dark Ink on Front Side Only, Please INVENTION DISCLOSURE

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#### Description of Invention:

Description of the construction and operation.

This provides a mechanism which can be used to

present andit event data in any desired format. An audit

event transformation API reads binary audit

event data and formats it according to

rules in an ASCII text. file. The text file

is user defined and contains drop points

for event data, surrounded by other desired

output text

B. Advantages

over what has been done before.

The output format is free-form, and can be fed to any processor including, but not limited to:

- . Web browser un HTML
- · XML parser
- · Event corellation engine for intrusion detection
- o Text file
- · comma separated value (CSV) the for spread shed data

#### C. Problems solved

This removes the strict, and sometimes arbitrary format of audit event data output.

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Title:	Trusted Linux Audit Functional Specification		
Author:	Scott Leerssen		
Product & Version:	Trusted Linux Alpha I		
Functional Area:	Trusted Linux		
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	7		
P			
Status:	☐ Not Complete  ☐ Draft Ready for Review		
	Reviewed		
	Revisions Complete		
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This document describes the functionality required for an audit mechanism on the Trusted Linux product.

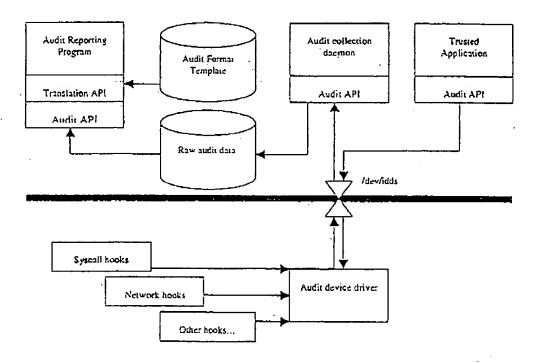


Figure 1

Figure 1 illustrates the interaction of the components of the Trusted Linux audit system. The major components consist of:

- Linux kernel hooks modifications in the kernel to report audit events.
- Audit device driver collects audit event data from the kernel and provides an interface for user space applications to collect and report events.
- Audit application programming interface (API) provides a user level library for reading and writing audit event data to and from the audit device driver
- Audit collection daemon user space program that collects raw audit event data and writes it to a storage device

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### 5.6 Audit Transformation API

Although the heart of the Trusted Linux audit system is the IDDS kernel audit, the audit transformation layer is the where the event data comes to life.

Historically, one of the major inhibitors to the usefulness of audit data has been the format in which it is presented. Usually, the data is either human readable or machine parsable, but rarely both. In some cases, one could argue that audit data falls into neither one of these categories.

This usability issue is where the audit transformation API comes into play. By utilizing a user defined template, the API reads binary audit data and formats it into any desired representation: comma separated lists, XML, HTML, plain text, etc. This list is limited only to a user's imagination. Of course, the binary data could even be streamed in its original format to a collection server for later processing or correlation.

The following sections describe functionality of the audit transformation API library. Although examples are given for each function, they should not be considered design constraints, but merely a guide for determining necessary entry points.

#### 5.6.1 Operational Description

The audit transformation API (ATA) provides a user level library for access to audit data spooled to a device. The API allows a user to define the view in which the audit data should be presented (e.g. XML stream, ASCII stream, etc.).

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